

BACKGROUND

- Covid-19 has left a major gap in the social lives of many people, especially students.
- In a society with less social and physical interaction for college students, there seems to be a rise in loneliness, leading us to wonder how this can negatively impact our health.
- Insufficient sleep can lead to chronic diseases such as cardiovascular disease, hypertension, and Alzheimer's.



OBJECTIVE

The objective of this study is to examine the relationship between loneliness and poor sleep hygiene in college students.



Studying Alone: The Link between Loneliness and Poor Sleep Hygiene

METHODS

	Salf rapartad data wara	
•••	Self-reported data were	Procedu
	collected using a Google	
	Forms survey.	
***	Exposure: UCLA 3-item	Method 1
	loneliness scale	Social Media
***	Outcome: Sleep	Posts: Instagram
	Hygiene Index (SHI).	Facebook Twitter
**	SPSS was used to	
	conduct Pearson	
	Correlation and Linear	
	Regression analysis.	

RESULTS

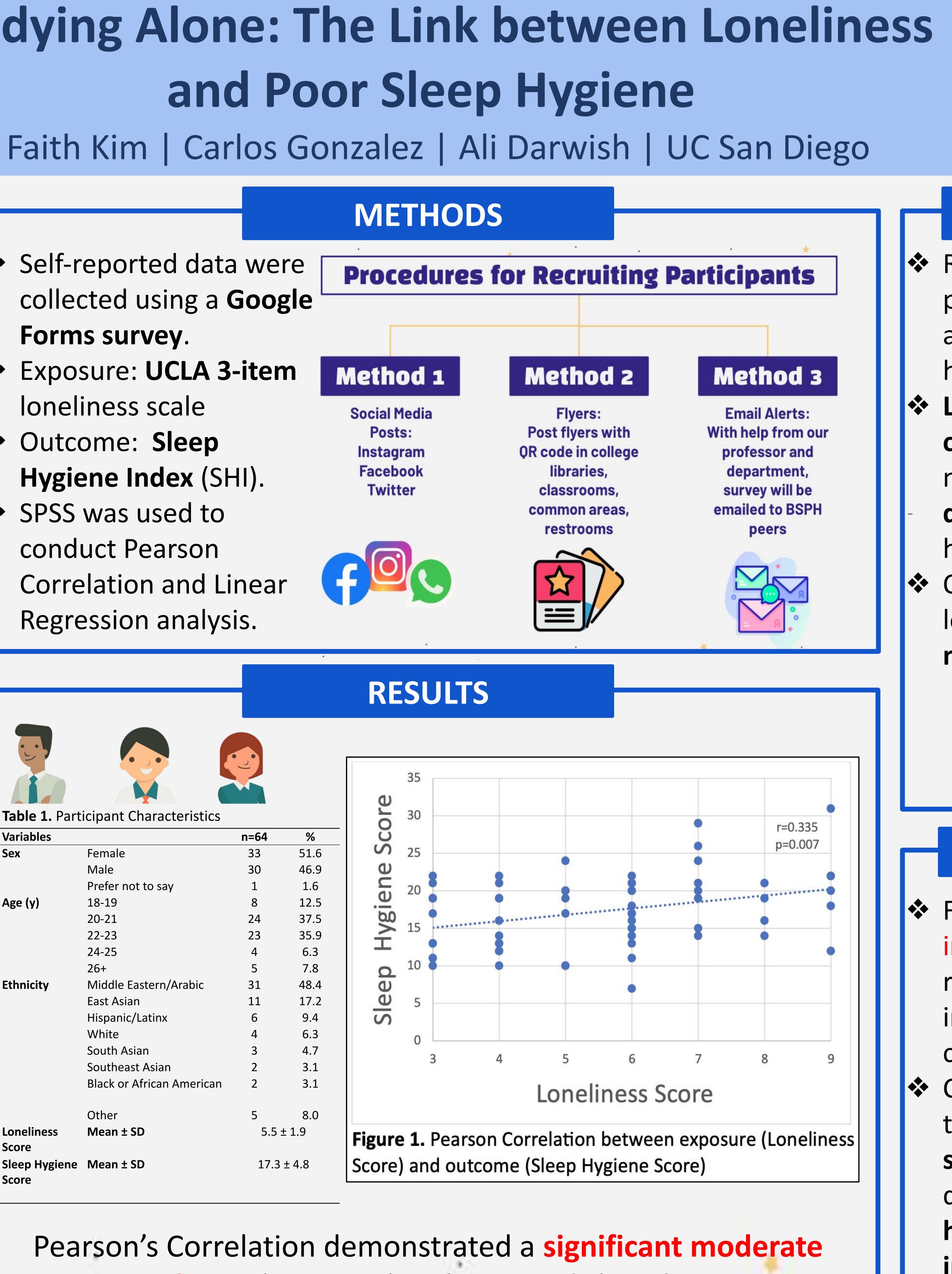
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Table 1. Participant Characteristics				
Variables		n=64	%	Score
Sex	Female	33	51.6	0)
	Male	30	46.9	e
	Prefer not to say	1	1.6	- Hygien(
Age (y)	18-19	8	12.5	i.
	20-21	24	37.5	00
	22-23	23	35.9	T T
	24-25	4	6.3	
	26+	5	7.8	0
Ethnicity	Middle Eastern/Arabic	31	48.4	e
	East Asian	11	17.2	e
	Hispanic/Latinx	6	9.4	Sle
	White	4	6.3	
	South Asian	3	4.7	
	Southeast Asian	2	3.1	
	Black or African American	2	3.1	
	Other	5	8.0	
Loneliness Score	Mean ± SD	5.5 ± 1.9		Figure Score)
Sleep Hygiene Score	Hygiene Mean ± SD 17.3 ± 4.8		Score)	

Pearson's Correlation demonstrated a significant moderate **positive correlation** between loneliness and sleep hygiene scores.



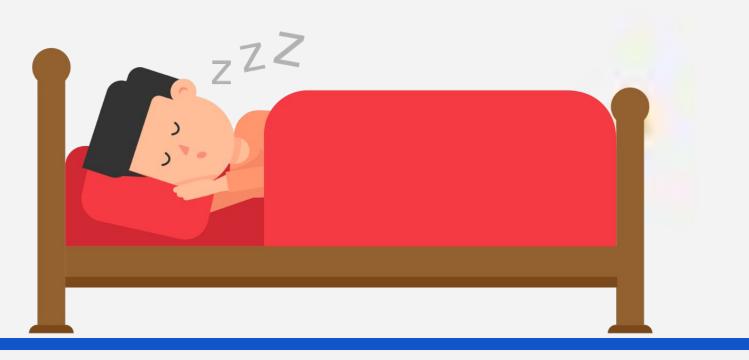
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CONCLUSIONS

Results show that greater perceived loneliness is associated with poorer sleep hygiene.

Lack of meaningful social **connections** may lead to negative emotions that diminish motivation to practice healthy sleep behaviors. Overall, perceptions of loneliness prevent a restful night's sleep.



POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Future research should focus on intervention studies aimed at reducing loneliness and improving sleep hygiene in college students. Colleges and universities can take action by initiating more social connection programs, developing digital mental

health resources, and creating integrated campus services for collaborative support.